DIRECTIONS:
Work any problem below and locate your answer on your bingo card. Circle the answer.
Keep working problems in any order until you have five circled answers in a line -- horizontally, vertically, or diagonally. WHEN YOU FIND THE BINGO, YOUR WORK IS FINISHED!

Your BINGO Card

| $88^{\circ}$ | $(x+90)^{\circ}$ | $(180-x)^{\circ}$ | $125^{\circ}$ | $20^{\circ}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(140+2 x)^{\circ}$ | $160^{\circ}$ | $24^{\circ}$ | $70^{\circ}$ | $(90-x)^{\circ}$ |
| $145^{\circ}$ | $30^{\circ}$ | $110^{\circ}$ | $56^{\circ}$ | $25^{\circ}$ |
| $12^{\circ}$ | $(150-5 x)^{\circ}$ | $35^{\circ}$ | $45^{\circ}$ | $(140-2 x)^{\circ}$ |
| $90^{\circ}$ | $60^{\circ}$ | $92^{\circ}$ | $180^{\circ}$ | $80^{\circ}$ |

1. Determine the supplement of $55^{\circ}$.
2. If two angles are both congruent and complementary, then each has a measure of $\qquad$ .
3. Determine the supplement of an angle whose measure is $40-2 \mathrm{x}$ degrees.
4. In diagram 1 , if $m \angle A E C=124^{\circ}$, determine $m \angle D E C$.
5. The measure of a right angle is $\qquad$ .
6. In diagram 1, if $m \angle A E B=70^{\circ}$ and $m \angle D E C=30^{\circ}$, determine $m \angle B E C$.
7. In diagram 2, if $m \angle 2=88^{\circ}$, determine $m \angle 4$.
8. Determine the complement of $20^{\circ}$.
9. In diagram $1, m \angle B E D=120^{\circ}$. Determine $m \angle A E B$.
10. In diagram $2, m \angle 2=(5 x+10)^{\circ}$ and $m \angle 3=(x+50)^{\circ}$. Determine the value of $x$.
11. In diagram $2, m \angle 1=(3 x-40)^{\circ}$ and $m \angle 3=(x+10)^{\circ}$. Determine the value of $x$.
12. In diagram $1, m \angle A E B=4 x^{\circ}, m \angle C E B=9 x^{\circ}$, and $m \angle C E D=2 x^{\circ}$. Determine $m \angle C E D$.
13. Determine the complement of $x^{\circ}$.
14. Determine the supplement of $(5 x+30)^{\circ}$.
15. If the measure of an angle is eight times the measure of its supplement, determine the measure of the angle.



Diagram 2

