

$$\begin{aligned}
1 &= (2^0)^{26} = -2 - (0!) - 2 + 6 = [\sqrt{\sqrt{\{(20/2) - 6\}}}] \\
2 &= 2 + (0 \cdot 2 \cdot 6) = \{2 + (0!)\}! + 2 - 6 \\
3 &= 2 + (0!)^{26} \\
4 &= (20/2) - 6 \\
5 &= 2^0 - 2 + 6 \\
6 &= 2 \cdot 0 \cdot 2 + 6 = -20 + 26 \\
7 &= (2 \cdot 0 \cdot 2)! + 6 \\
8 &= 2 \cdot 0 + 2 + 6 \\
9 &= (2 \cdot 0)! + 2 + 6 \\
10 &= 2 + 0 + 2 + 6 \\
11 &= 2 + (0!) + 2 + 6 \\
12 &= 2 \cdot 0 + 2 \cdot 6 = 20 - 2 - 6 \\
13 &= (2 \cdot 0)! + 2 \cdot 6 \\
14 &= 2 + 0 + 2 \cdot 6 \\
15 &= 2 + (0!) + 2 \cdot 6 = \{2 + (0!)\}^2 + 6 \\
16 &= 20 + 2 - 6 = (20/2) + 6 \\
17 &= 20 - 2 - [\sqrt{(\sqrt{6})}] = 20 - [\sqrt{(2 \cdot 6)}] \\
18 &= \{2 + (0!)\}! + 2 \cdot 6 \\
19 &= 20 - 2 + [\sqrt{(\sqrt{6})}] \\
20 &= 20 - 2 + [\sqrt{6}] \\
21 &= 20 + 2 - [\sqrt{(\sqrt{6})}] \\
22 &= 20 + 2 \cdot [\sqrt{(\sqrt{6})}] \\
23 &= 20 + 2 + [\sqrt{(\sqrt{6})}] \\
24 &= 20 - 2 + 6 = 20 + 2 + [\sqrt{6}] = \{2 + (0!)\} \cdot (2 + 6) = (2^{0^2}) \cdot 6 \\
25 &= -2 + (0!) + 26 = -2^0 + 26 \\
26 &= 2 \cdot 0 + 26 \\
27 &= 2 - (0!) + 26 = 2^0 + 26 \\
28 &= 2 + 0 + 26 \\
29 &= 2 + (0!) + 26 \\
30 &= \{2 + (0!) + 2\} \cdot 6 \\
31 &= [\sqrt{\sqrt{\{(2 + (0!))!\}}}] + 26 \\
32 &= 20 + 2 \cdot 6 \\
33 &= \\
34 &= 20 \cdot 2 - 6 \\
35 &= -[\sqrt{2}] + \{(0!) + 2\}! \cdot 6 \\
36 &= (2^0 + 2)! \cdot 6 \\
37 &= [\sqrt{2}] + \{(0!) + 2\}! \cdot 6 \\
38 &= 2 + \{(0!) + 2\}! \cdot 6 \\
39 &= 20 \cdot 2 - [\sqrt{\sqrt{6}}]
\end{aligned}$$

Kamal Lohia
Hisar, Haryana, India